THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRIMATI RADHIKA V. SELVI): (a) The present list of notified natural calamities, which is based on the Award of 12th Finance Commission, consists of cyclone, drought, earthquake/tsunami, fire, flood, hailstorm, landslide, avalanche, cloud burst and pest attack. The floods caused due to Kosi breach are covered under the category of notified natural calamities. Financial assistance to the States is provided as per the Schemes of Calamity Relief Fund (CRF) and National Calamity Contingency Fund (NCCF) in the wake of notified natural calamities.

(b) and (c) The Hon'ble Prime Minister has made an announcement of release of Rs. 1000 crore to deal with the floods of 2008. As a follow up, an amount of Rs. 1000 crore has been released to the State on an 'on account' basis from NCCF on 29th August, 2008. In addition, both installments of Central share of CRF amounting to Rs. 121.86 crore have also been released to the State Government on 17th September, 2008, pending receipt of utilization certificate and Annual Report, to undertake immediate relief measures.

Incidence of rape cases

1760. DR. GYAN PRAKASH PILANIA:
SHRI LALIT KISHORE CHATURVEDI:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the total registration of rape cases, incidence per 10 lac population, total yearly increase (numerical and percentage), their disposal, in country/States/during the last three years;

(b) the similar rape statistics for 4 metropolis; Delhi, Kolkata, Mumbai, and Chennai;

(c) on an average, how many rapes occur everyday and in how many minutes one rape occurs in India/States/Metropolis; and

(d) the first 4 States and metros, having worst scenario of rape case, on the basis of total high incidence of rape, poor challan percentage, poor conviction percentage, year-wise percentage increase of crime, total high incidence per 10 lac population?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (DR. SHAKEEL AHMAD): (a) and (b) National Crime Records Brueau complies data relating to crime in the country. Details of rape cases registered, chargsheeted, convicted, incidence per 10 lac population and percentage variation and percentage variation over the previous year for the years 2005-2007 State/UT-wise as well as for the four metropolises *i.e.* Delhi, Mumbai, Kolkata and Chennai are given in the Statement-I. (*See* below).

(c) Details of occurrence of rapes every day and the time per case in respect of the States as well as the four metropolises *i.e.* Delhi, Mumbai, Kolkata and Chennai are at Statement-II. (*See* below).

(d) Details of four state and Metros having highest incidence of rape cases, lower challen percentage, lower conviction percentage, high percentage of increase of rape cases and high incidence per 10 lac population is at Statement-III. (*See* below).

Statement-I

Cases Registered (CR), Cases Chargesheeted (CS), Cases Convicted (CV), Incidence per 10 lac population (RATE), increase/decrease in cases (ID) under rape during 2005-2007

Sl. No.	State	2005 CR	CS	CV	Rate	ID
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1.	Andhra Pradesh	935	933	154	11.7	-8.0
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	35	32	15	30.2	-16.7
3.	Assam	1238	867	170	43.1	5.7
4.	Bihar	1147	823	145	12.8	-17.5
5.	Chhattisgarh	990	919	338	43.8	2.2
6.	Goa	20	18	7	13.3	-45.9
7.	Gujarat	324	286	37	6.0	-4.4
8.	Haryana	461	375	96	20.2	19.4
9.	Himachal Pradesh	141	123	24	22.1	-7.8
10.	Jammu and Kashmir	201	174	5	17.7	-7.8
11.	Jharkhand	753	595	117	26.1	-5.5
12.	Karnataka	343	296	87	6.2	17.9
13.	Kerala	478	451	48	14.3	-0.4
14.	Madhya Pradesh	2921	2780	702	44.3	1.6
15.	Maharashtra	1545	1441	177	15.0	11.3
16.	Manipur	25	7	0	9.8	-19.4
17.	Meghalaya	63	37	2	25.7	16.7
18.	Mizoram	37	33	15	39.1	85.0
19.	Nagaland	17	9	15	8.0	-5.6
20.	Orissa	799	681	114	20.6	3.8
21.	Punjab	398	328	71	15.4	2.1
22.	Rajasthan	993	772	227	16.1	-4.3

2006					2007*				
CR	CS	CV	Rate	ID	CR	CS	CV	Rate	ID
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
1049	821	154	13.0	12.2	1070	1066	128	13.1	2.0
37	29	1	31.5	5.7	48	29	5	40.3	29.7
1244	794	176	42.7	0.5	1437	904	191	48.5	15.5
1232	772	178	13.5	7.4	1555	1103	167	16.8	26.2
995	994	235	43.3	0.5	982	939	162	42.0	-1.3
21	14	0	13.5	5.0	20	15	1	12.5	-4.8
354	332	50	6.4	9.3	316	289	50	5.7	-10.7
608	497	97	26.2	31.9	488	432	114	20.7	-19.7
113	96	27	17.5	-19.9	159	105	14	24.4	40.7
250	211	13	21.3	24.4	288	238	8	23.8	15.2
799	599	185	27.3	6.1	855	692	318	28.8	7.0
400	351	51	7.1	16.6	436	364	59	7.7	9.0
601	495	58	17.8	25.7	512	546	74	15.1	-14.8
2900	2779	748	43.1	-0.7	3010	2898	688	44.0	3.8
1500	1351	163	14.3	-2.9	1451	1404	151	13.7	-3.3
402	0	15.6	60.0	20	2	0	7.7	-50.0	
74	35	2	29.8	17.5	82	32	8	32.6	10.8
72	69	68	75.1	94.6	83	78	28	85.4	15.3
23	20	11	10.7	35.3	13	12	26	6.0	-43.5
985	790	135	25.1	23.3	939	784	175	23.7	-4.7
442	373	90	16.9	11.1	519	392	76	19.7	17.4
1085	740	262	17.3	9.3	1238	854	236	19.4	14.1

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
23.	Sikkim	18	13	3	31.3	500.0
24.	Tamil Nadu	571	507	141	8.8	-7.6
25.	Tripura	162	144	35	47.8	1.3
26.	Uttar Pradesh	1217	1029	657	6.7	-12.9
27.	Uttarakhand	133	119	21	14.6	15.7
28.	West Bengal	1686	1649	74	19.8	14.3
	Total State	17651	15441	3497	16.3	0.1
29.	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	4	8	1	10.3	-60.0
30.	Chandigarh	33	20	4	33.1	73.7
31.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	5	6	0	20.5	-28.6
32.	Daman and Diu	2	0	0	11.4	100.0
33.	Delhi UT	658	570	140	41.8	19.4
34.	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0.0	—
35.	Puducherry	6	6	3	5.8	50.0
	Total UT	708	610	148	38.0	19.6
	Total All India	18359	16051	3645	16.6	0.7
1.	Chennai	43	42	13	6.7	43.3
2.	Delhi (City)	562	467	134	43.9	23.0
3.	Kolkata	13	17	0	1.0	-51.9
4.	Mumbai	201	198	54	12.3	7.5

Note: Information on disposal by Police and Courts may include the information on pending cases from previous year also.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
20	16	1	34.4	11.1	24	19	0	40.7	20.0
457	413	108	7.0	-20.0	523	434	87	7.9	14.4
189	177	25	55.0	16.7	157	180	30	45.1	-16.9
1314	1094	637	7.1	8.0	1648	1293	573	8.7	25.4
147	128	29	15.9	10.5	117	101	48	12.4	-20.4
1731	1520	137	20.1	2.7	2106	1832	101	24.2	21.7
18682	15512	3641	17.0	5.8	20096	17037	3518	18.0	7.6
6	7	1	15.2	50.0	3	3	1	7.4	-50.0
19	20	9	18.6	-42.4	22	19	11	21.0	15.8
6	3	1	24.0	20.0	7	6	0	27.2	16.7
3	3	1	16.7	50.0	1	1	0	5.4	-66.7
623	798	152	38.4	-5.3	598	541	163	35.7	-4.0
0	0	0	0.0	—	1	1	0	14.7	—
9	6	1	8.6	50.0	9	9	4	8.5	0.0
666	837	165	34.7	-5.9	641	580	179	32.4	-3.8
19348	16349	3806	17.3	5.4	20737	17617	3697	18.2	7.2
29	32	9	4.5	-32.6	46	47	7	7.2	58.6
533	695	143	41.7	-5.2	524	483	153	41.0	-1.7
38	23	9	2.9	192.3	44	22	2	3.3	15.8
165	157	52	10.1	-17.9	174	154	22	10.6	5.5

*Data is provisional.

Statement-II

Occurrence of Rapes per day and per case in minutes during 2007

Sl. No.	State	Per Day	Minutes per rape case
1	2	3	4
1.	Andhra Pradesh	2.9	491.2
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	0.1	10950.0
3.	Assam	3.9	365.8
4.	Bihar	4.3	338.0
5.	Chhattisgarh	2.7	535.2
6.	Goa	0.1	26280.0
7.	Gujarat	0.9	1663.3
8.	Haryana	1.3	1077.0
9.	Himachal Pradesh	0.4	3305.7
10.	Jammu and Kashmir	0.8	1825.0
11.	Jharkhand	2.3	614.7
12.	Karnataka	1.2	1205.5
13.	Kerala	1.4	1026.6
14.	Madhya Pradesh	8.2	174.6
15.	Maharashtra	4.0	362.2
16.	Manipur	0.1	26280.0
17.	Meghalaya	0.2	6409.8
18.	Mizoram	0.2	6332.5
19.	Nagaland	0.0	40430.8
20.	Orissa	2.6	559.7
21.	Punjab	1.4	1012.7
22.	Rajasthan	3.4	424.6
23.	Sikkim	0.1	21900.0
24.	Tamil Nadu	1.4	1005.0
25.	Tripura	0.4	3347.8
26.	Uttar Pradesh	4.5	318.9
27.	Uttarakhand	0.3	4492.3
28.	West Bengal	5.8	249.6
	Total state	55.1	26.2

1	2	3	4
29.	Andaman and Nicobar islands	0.0	175200.0
30.	Chandigarh	0.1	23890.9
31.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	0.0	75085.7
32.	Daman and Diu	0.0	525600.0
33.	Delhi UT	1.6	878.9
34.	Lakshadweep	0.0	525600.0
35.	Puducherry	0.0	58400.0
	Total UT	1.8	820.0
	Total all India	56.8	25.3

Sl. No.	City	Per Day	Minutes per rape case
1.	Chennai	0.1	11426.1
2.	Delhi (city)	1.4	1003.1
3.	Kolkata	0.1	11945.5
4.	Mumbai	0.5	3020.7

Statement-III

First four States and Metroes having worst scenario of rape cases on following parameters during 2007.

1. **Highest Incidence of Cases.**

State		Metro Cities	
Madhya Pradesh	3010	Delhi	524
West Bengal	2106	Mumbai	174
Uttar Pradesh	1648	Chennai	46
Bihar	1555	Kolkata	44

2. **Lower Challan Percentage.**

State		Metro Cities	
Manipur	20.0	Kolkata	84.6
Arunachal Pradesh	72.5	Mumbai	94.5
Meghalaya	76.2	Chennai	95.9
Assam	80.7	Delhi	98.2

3. **Lower Conviction Percentage.**

State		Metro Cities	
Manipur	0.0	Kolkata	6.9
Sikkim	0.0	Mumbai	16.2
Jammu and Kashmir	5.8	Delhi	27.3
West Bengal	12.1	Chennai	29.2

4. **High Percentage of increase.**

State		Metro Cities	
Himachal Pradesh	40.7	Chennai	58.6
Arunachal Pradesh	29.7	Kolkata	15.8
Bihar	26.2	Mumbai	5.5
Uttar Pradesh	25.4	Delhi showed deline of 1.7%	

5. **High incidence per ten lakh population.**

State		Metro Cities	
Mizoram	85.4	Delhi	41.0
Assam	48.5	Mumbai	10.6
Tripura	45.1	Chennai	7.2
Madhya Pradesh	44.0	Kolkata	3.3

Existence of terrorist cells in the country

†1761. SHRI MOTILAL VORA:
MS. SUSHILA TIRIYA:
DR. JANARDHAN WAGHMARE:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Indian Intelligence Agencies have identified the existence of at least eight hundred terrorists cells in the country;

(b) whether Government has taken any steps to find out the mastermind working behind these terrorist cells; and

(c) the steps taken by Government to identify the terrorist cells and to eliminate them?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI SHRIPRAKASH JAISWAL): (a) to (c) It is a fact that intelligence/security agencies in India have identified several terrorist cells in the country including the masterminds behind them. However, It is not possible to give the number and other details in this regard, since such cells function in a highly covert manner and revealing details would not be in the public interest. As and when such cells are identified and confirmed, action is initiated to neutralize them.

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.